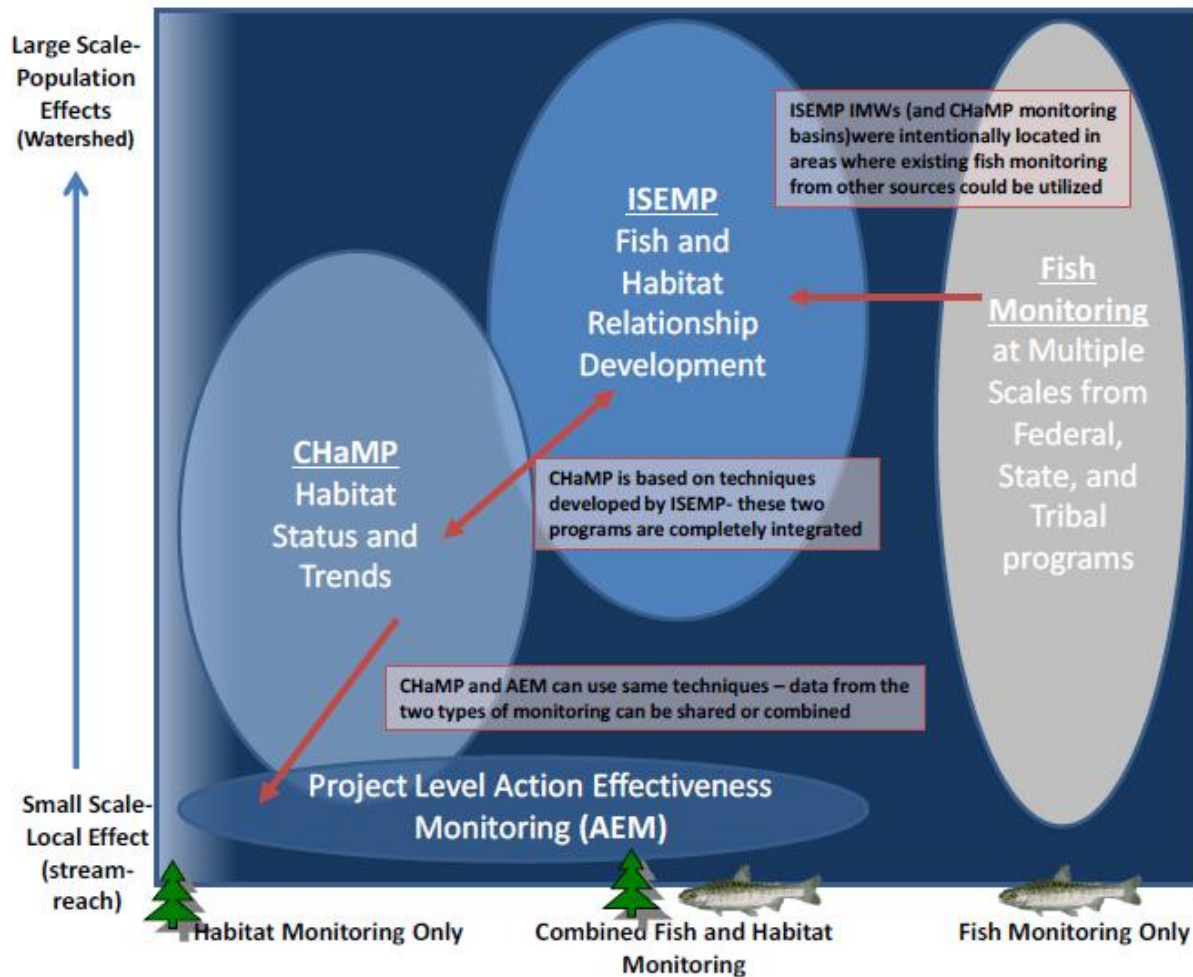


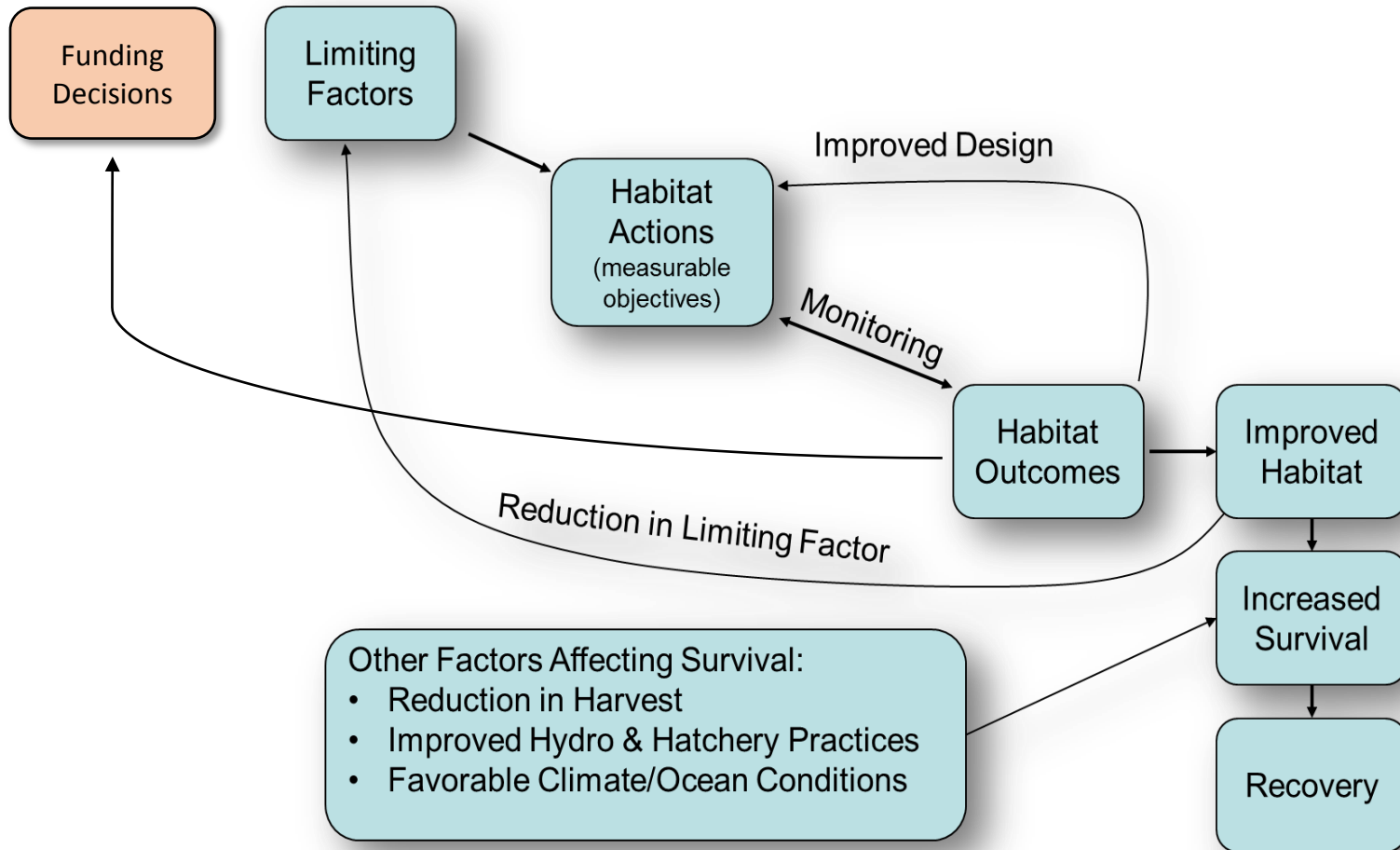
# BPA Action Effectiveness Monitoring

Jennifer O'Neal

June 1, 2015



# How is Action Effectiveness monitoring information used in salmon recovery?



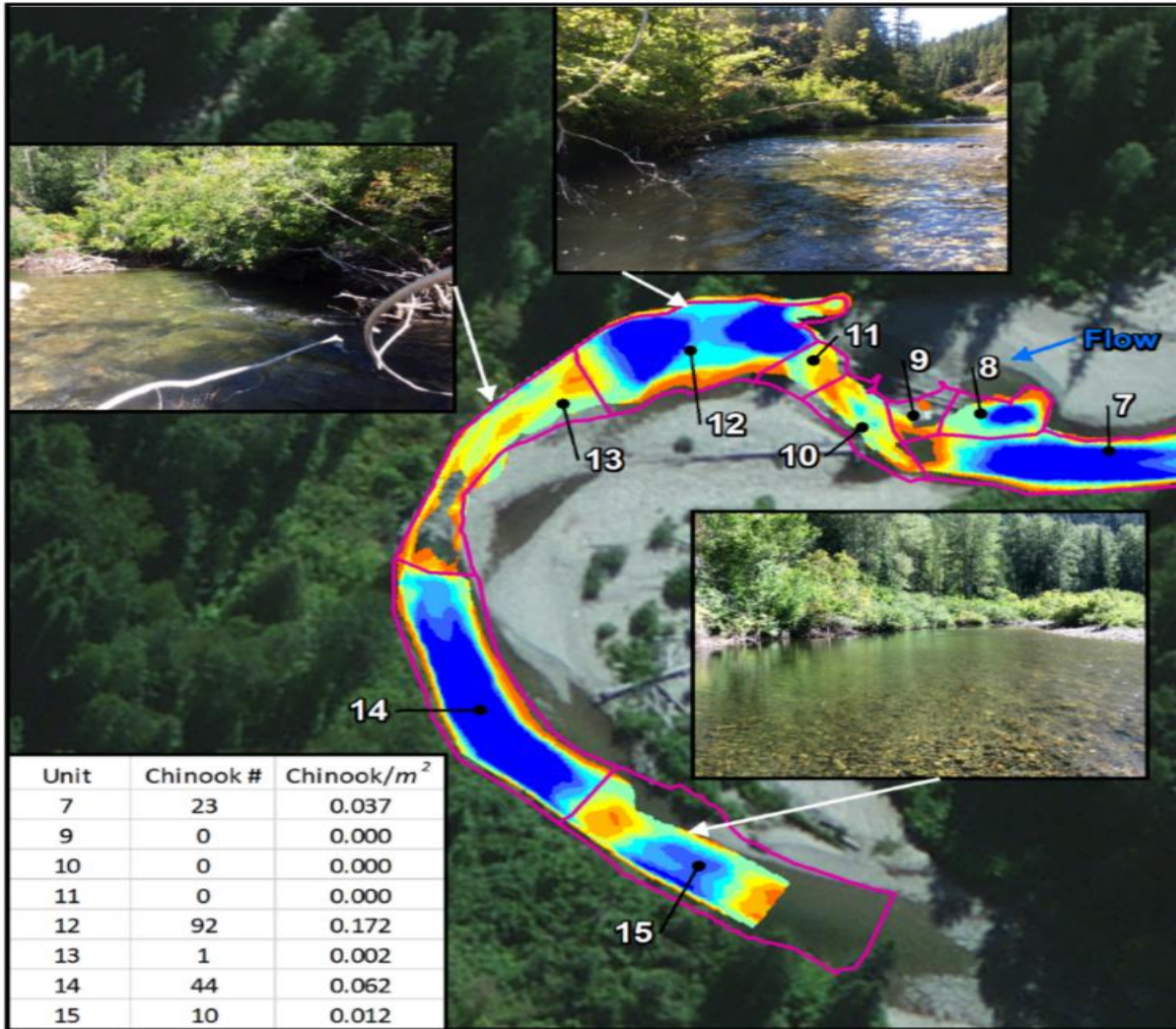
# UPPER WHITE PINE RIVER CONTROL REACH

## REARING HABITAT RESULTS COMPARISON

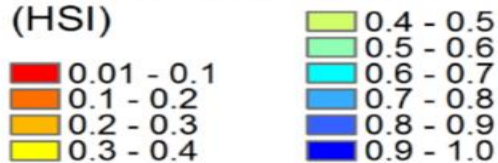
Snorkel survey data by channel units were used to compare observed Chinook density with the habitat suitability model.

The rearing habitat model results were in general agreement with the snorkel survey data. Channel Units that were dominated by high HSI for rearing habitat also had relatively high observed Chinook juvenile numbers during snorkel surveys.

The inset site photos show habitat conditions in channel units with relatively high (unit 15 and unit 12) and low Chinook density (unit 13).

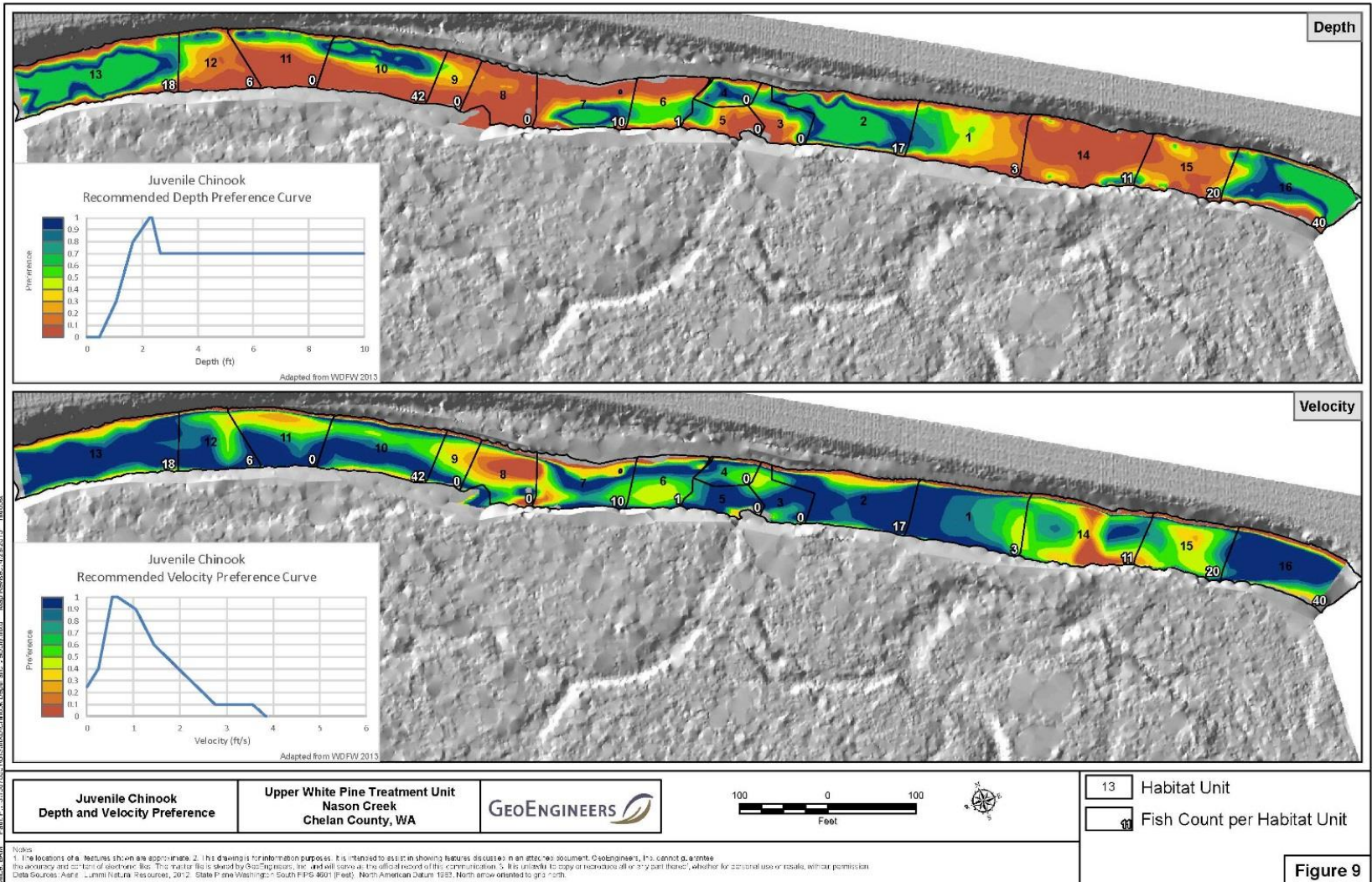


### Habitat Suitability Index (HSI)





# 2-D Output



Date: 8/11/2015 File: P:\151501\GIS\DOT\Depth and Velocity.mxd Map Review: 8/25/2015

Note:  
 1. The locations of features shown are approximate. This drawing is for information purposes. It is intended to assist in showing features discussed in an attached document. Geoengineers, Inc. cannot guarantee the accuracy and content of electronic files. This material is owned by Geoengineers, Inc. and will serve as the official record of this communication. It is unlawful to copy or reproduce all or any part thereof, whether for personal use or resale, without permission.  
 Data Sources: Aerial LiDAR (feature resources, 2012, State of Washington South FIPS 4001 (feet), North American Datum 1983, North arrow oriented to grid north).

# 2-D Habitat Suitability

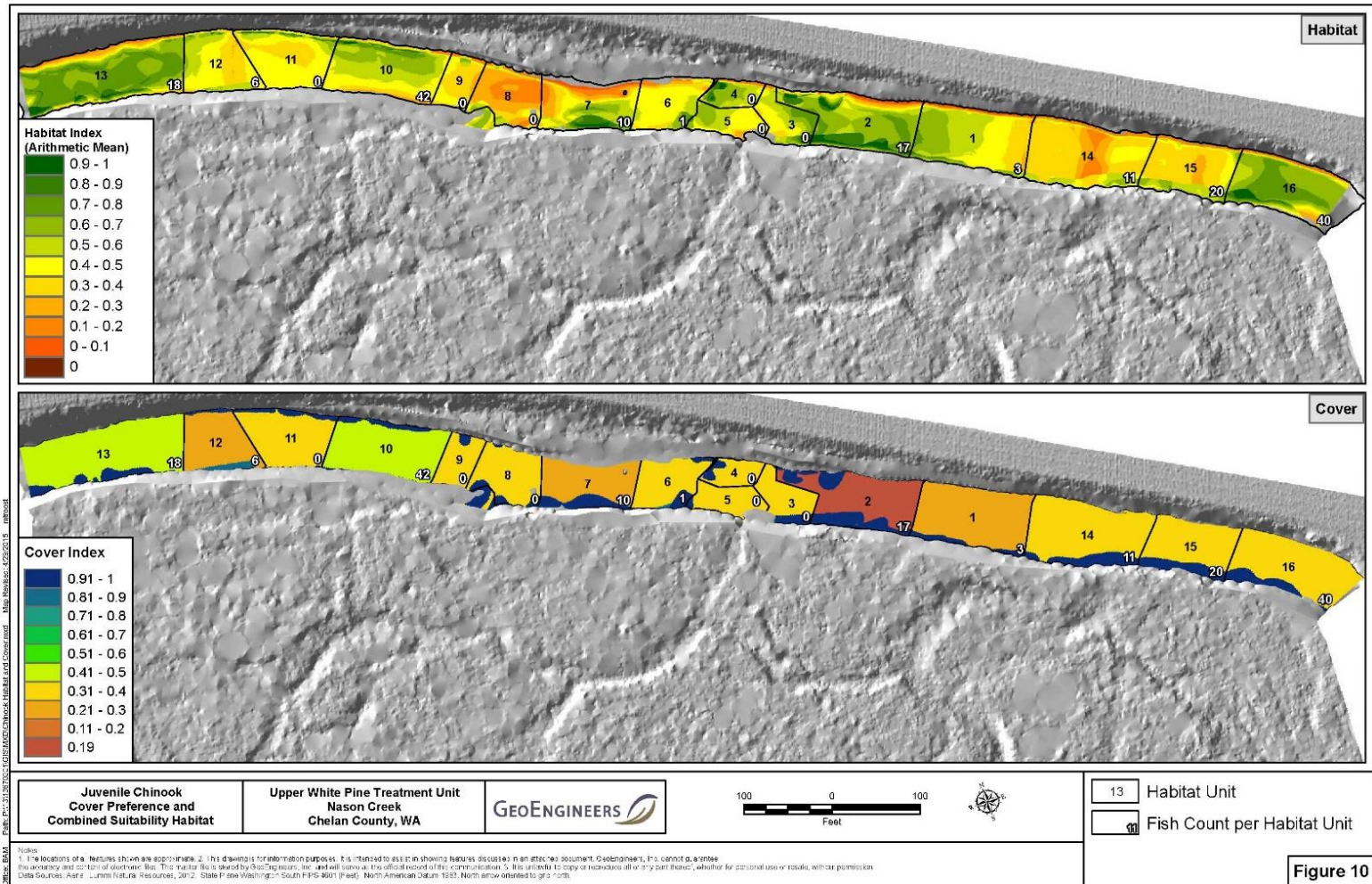


Figure 10



# Vetting predictive models...

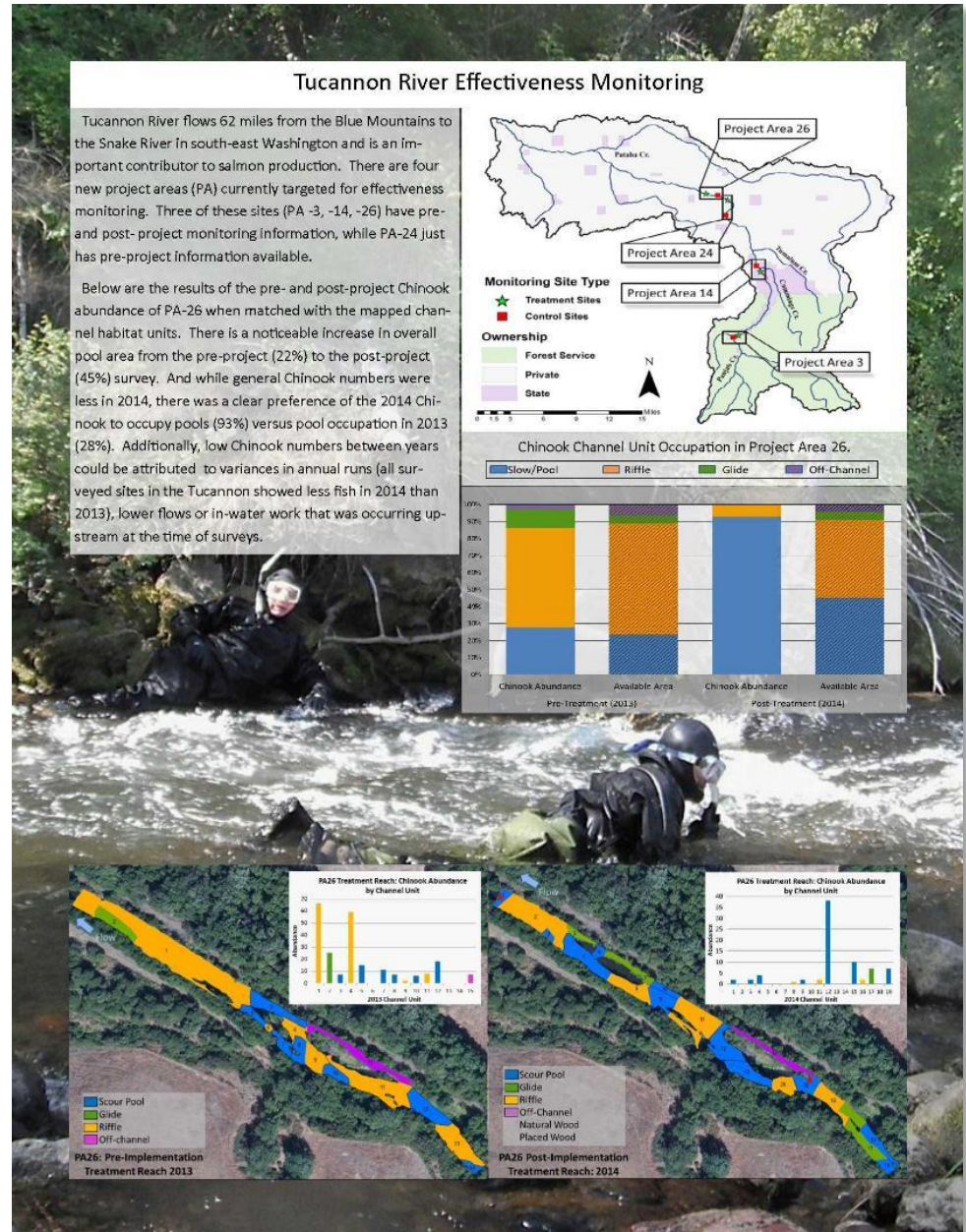


- **Monitoring Partners:**

- SRFB
- Umatilla Tribe
- Snake River Salmon Recovery Board
- EcoLogical Research

- **Coordinated data collection effort for physical and biological data**

- **Project responses show increase in pool habitat and Chinook use relative to a control**





# AEM Program Overview

## Goals

- Quantify reach-scale changes in habitat and fish abundance due to restoration
- Guide future restoration efforts to help ensure that BPA is investing in effective techniques

## Study Design

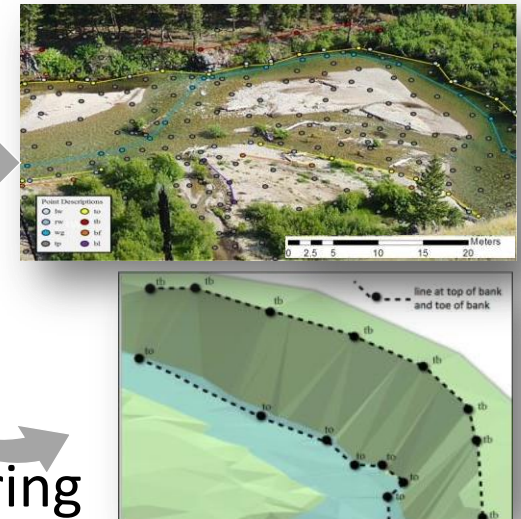
- MBACI – Multiple Before After Control Impact
- EPT – Extensive Post Treatment
- Case Study

## Key Questions

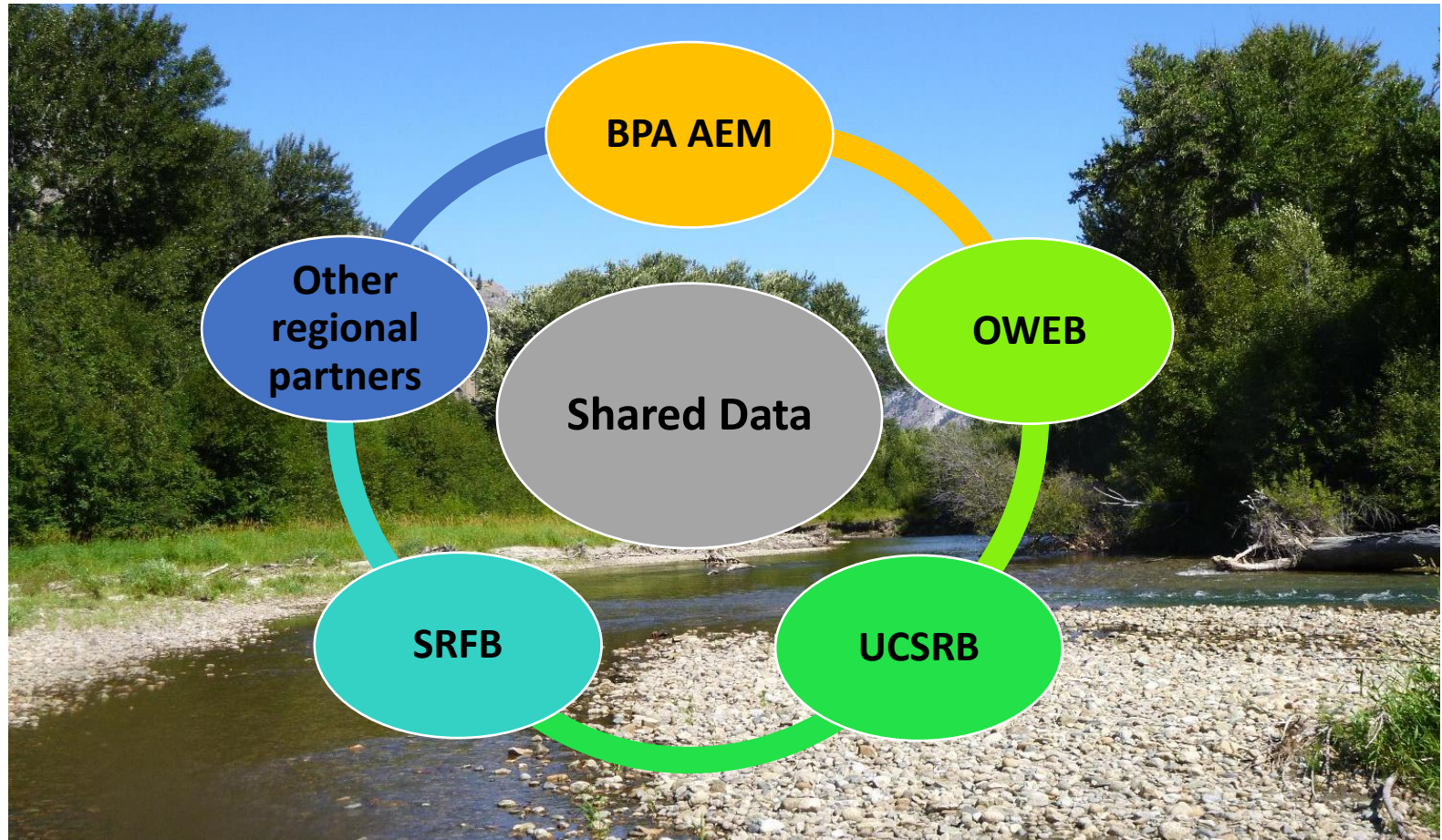
- What is the effect of action types on habitat?
- What is the effect action types on fish/biota?
- Why are some projects more successful than others?
- Are there differences in among ESUs?

# AEM Coordination with CHaMP

- MBACI Protocols:
  - Partial Barriers
  - Bank Stabilization
  - Off-Channel/Floodplain Enhancement
  - Riparian Fencing
  - Habitat Protection
- Protocols are tied to project outcomes
- Some methods may apply to various monitoring categories and are in multiple protocols
  - Once a method is learned, it can easily be applied across multiple protocols
    - ↳ Enhances data sharing capabilities
    - ↳ Can compare effectiveness of different project approaches



# Coordination Across Programs



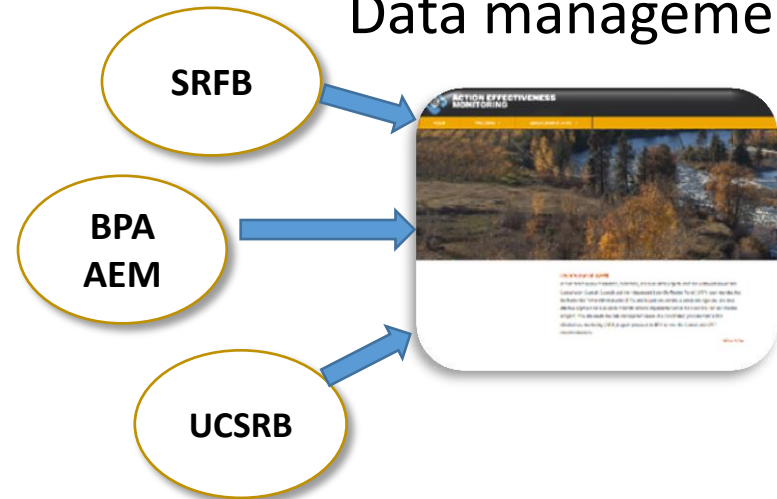


# Collaborating with Monitoring Partners

Technical assistance/training



Data management



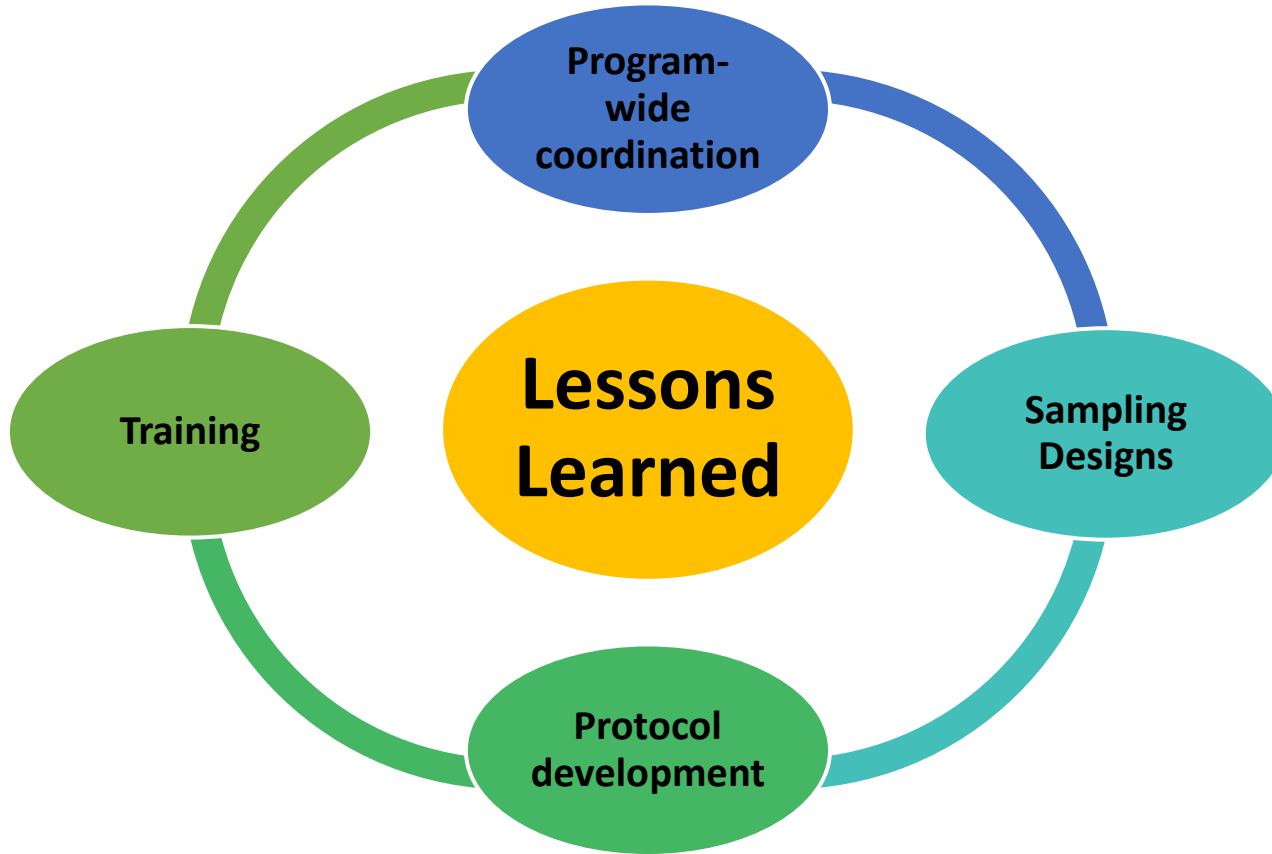
Reporting

Data collection



# AEM Lessons Learned

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# AEM – things you need to know...

- Scope and Scale

- What, where, and when
- NOT EASY!
- Two years pre-project
- Determines protocol
- Determines survey extent
- Nee to talk with design team!

- Suitable Control

- Geomorphically similar
- Outside of project influence
- No tribs or hatcheries that separate it from the treatment reach





# AEM – more things you need to know.....

- Additional data elements collected post-project  
*(e.g. placed wood locations)*



- Fish timing for targeted species and life stage(s)

*May not be the best time for the habitat survey...*



# AEM Training June 11, 2015

